



# 6

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# Limba modernă 1

# Limba engleză

Teorie și aplicații

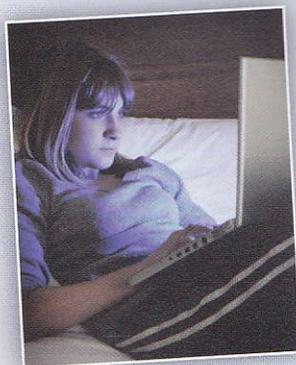
Module	Vocabulary	Grammar	Reading
 <b>Starter module</b> page 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Introductions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Clothes</li> <li>▪ Family</li> <li>▪ Grammar</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Classroom language</li> </ul>
 <b>1 Film and TV</b> page 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Film types</li> <li>▪ TV programmes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Present simple</li> <li>▪ Question words</li> <li>▪ Adverbs of frequency</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Teenagers and their favourite films</li> <li>▪ Too much TV and not enough sleep?</li> </ul>
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Child stars</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Talking about films</li> <li>Talking about likes and dislikes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A review</li> <li>Punctuation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Film awards</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Music</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Young adventurers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A school trip</li> <li>Making plans</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A blog</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Summer camps</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Science</li> </ul>
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Module

1

# Film and TV



**In this module you will learn:**

- |                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Vocabulary</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Film types</li> <li>▪ TV programmes</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Grammar</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Present simple</li> <li>▪ Question words</li> <li>▪ Adverbs of frequency</li> </ul>         |
| <b>Reading</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Teenagers and their favourite films</li> <li>▪ Too much TV and not enough sleep?</li> </ul> |
| <b>Speaking</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Talking about films</li> <li>▪ Talking about likes and dislikes</li> </ul>                  |
| <b>Writing</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ A review</li> <li>▪ Punctuation</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Culture</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Film awards</li> </ul>  |
| <b>CLIL</b>       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Music</li> </ul>  |

Find the page numbers for:



- Giant mushrooms
- A cameraman
- A famous band

**Competences:**

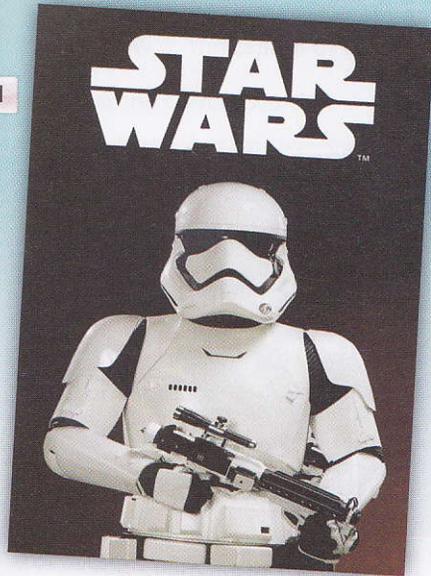
1.1; 1.2; 1.3; 2.1; 2.2; 2.4; 3.1; 3.4; 4.1.

Unit

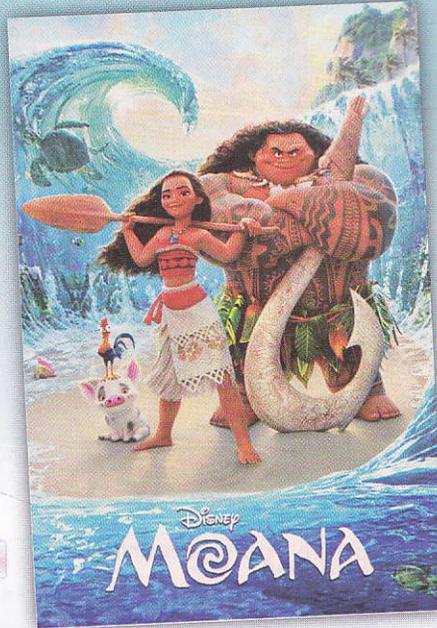
1a

Film types

1



2



3



action  
comedy  
war  
fantasy  
horror

Vocabulary

1 Read the words in the box. Check their meaning.

action adventure animated comedy  
fantasy horror musical romantic comedy  
science-fiction thriller war western

2 Listen and repeat the words in the box.

3 Look at the film posters 1–5 and choose the correct words.

- 1 *Star Wars* is a science-fiction / comedy film.
- 2 *Moana* is a fantasy / horror film about a brave girl.
- 3 *Pirates of the Caribbean* is an adventure film / musical with Johnny Depp.
- 4 *Smurfs* is a successful animated / war film.
- 5 *The Oklahoma Kid* is a romantic comedy / western with many famous actors.



Now say it!

4 Listen to Will and Izzie. What are their favourite types of film?

5 Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about your favourite types of film.

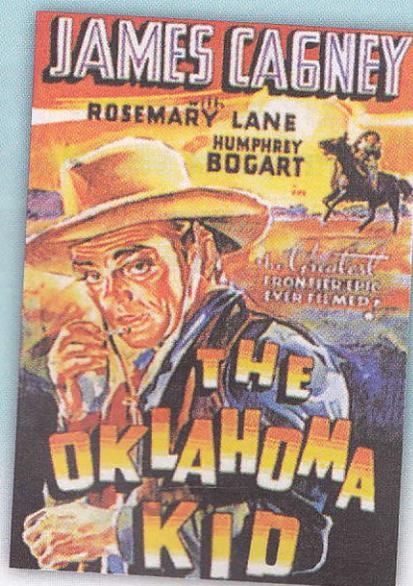
What's your favourite type of film?

I like horror films.

4



5



## Reading

**6** Read the text quickly and choose the best title.

- 1 New films at the cinema
- 2 Teenagers and their favourite films
- 3 Cinemas in the UK

When do you go to the cinema? What types of film do you like? In the UK, the cinema is very popular and a lot of young people go there. But, what types of film do they watch? We ask two friends about their cinema preferences.

### Jack, 12

I love going to the cinema because there are always eight films on at our local cinema complex, and it's really modern. The ice cream is fantastic and there's great popcorn and other snacks. I go with my friends every Friday. We all like science-fiction films with action and suspense. We are also great fans of special effects,

so we love films like *Avatar* and *Transformers*.

### Katie, 11

I don't like horror films or science-fiction films but I love romantic comedies. One of my favourite films is *Letters to Juliet*. It's about a woman called Sophie who goes to Italy and discovers a very old, unopened love letter. It's very funny and Sophie ends up falling in love too, of course! I don't go to the cinema much, because there isn't a cinema near me. I watch films on DVD a few months later.



**7**  Read and listen. Who mentions these things, Jack or Katie?

They sell good ice-cream at my local cinema. *Jack*

- 1 There isn't a cinema near me. ...
- 2 I go to the cinema with my friends. ...
- 3 My favourite film is a love story. ...
- 4 I wait for the DVD and watch films then. ...
- 5 I like the same films as my friends. ...

**8** Answer the questions.

- 1 Do young people like going to the cinema in the UK?
- 2 Do Jack and Katie enjoy the same types of film?
- 3 Does Jack like his local cinema?
- 4 Does Katie go to the cinema a lot?

### Word Tip

Organize your vocabulary into word sets to help you remember it:  
*film types: horror, science-fiction, war*

**9** Complete the word sets using these words from the text.

fantastic ice cream modern popcorn  
snacks special effects suspense

- 1 science-fiction films: a) ... , b) ...
- 2 food: c) ... , d) ... , e) ...
- 3 adjectives: f) ... , g) ...

**10**  **CLASS VOTE** Where do you prefer to watch films, at the cinema or at home?

affirmative and negative	
	I <b>like</b> thrillers.
+	He <b>loves</b> the film <i>Avatar</i> .
	They <b>eat</b> popcorn.
	I <b>don't like</b> horror films.
-	She <b>doesn't go</b> to the cinema.
	We <b>don't have</b> a cinema in our town.

- Look at the sentences in the table. What is different about the *he / she / it* forms?
- Complete the sentences with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets. Use the spelling rules on page 118 to help you.
  - I ... (*go*) to the cinema with my family.
  - My brother ... (*study*) the film reviews and he ... (*choose*) the film.
  - My dad ... (*go*) to the cinema early and he ... (*get*) the tickets.
  - You ... (*eat*) ice cream at the cinema.
  - We ... (*sit*) in the middle of the cinema.
  - My friends ... (*watch*) the film in the front row.
- Make the sentences in exercise 2 negative.
- Write complete sentences. Use the present simple.
 

Izzie / enjoy / films but she / not go / to the cinema very much.

*Izzie enjoys films but she doesn't go to the cinema very much.*

- She / not watch / films on TV. She / watch / films on the computer.
- Her dad / buy / the newspaper and Izzie / read / all the film reviews.
- Her friends / love / romantic comedies but Izzie / hate / them.
- Izzie / prefer / science-fiction films but her friends / not like / them.



Use *there is* for uncountable nouns and singular countable nouns: *There's great food. There's a cinema in our town.*  
Use *there are* for plural countable nouns: *There are seven films on.*

- Complete the sentences with *there is* or *there are*.
  - In Birmingham ... a cinema called the Electric. It's 100 years old!
  - ... four *Shrek* movies.
  - In cinemas ... fizzy drinks and ... sweets and crisps.
  - ... six official James Bond actors. The first was Sean Connery.
  - ... many superhero films. Most of these films are from comic books.

questions and short answers	
Do you <b>like</b> comedies?	
Yes, I <b>do</b> .	No, I <b>don't</b> .
Does she <b>go</b> the cinema?	
Yes, she <b>does</b> .	No, she <b>doesn't</b> .
Do they <b>watch</b> films?	
Yes, they <b>do</b> .	No, they <b>don't</b> .

- Look at the sentences in the table. How do you form present simple questions? Do we repeat the verb in the short answer?

- a) subject + do / does + verb + object
- b) do / does + subject + verb + object

- Order the words to make questions. Then write answers that are true for you.

like / Do / animated films / you ?

*Do you like animated films?*

- your best friend / go / Does / to the cinema / at the weekend ?
- a lot of films / Do / watch / you ?
- your classmates / war films / enjoy / Do ?
- eat / you / do / at the cinema / What ?



## Question words

### question words

- What** is your brother's name?
- Where** do you live?
- When** do you go to the cinema?
- Who** is your favourite singer?
- Why** do you like action films?
- How often** do you go to the cinema?

### 8 Choose the correct words. Then match questions 1–6 with answers a–f.

- 1 **Who / What** is your favourite film?
- 2 **Where / Who** do you watch films?
- 3 **Who / When** is your favourite actor?
- 4 **Why / What** do you like going to the cinema with your parents?
- 5 **How often / Who** does your friend buy DVDs?
- 6 **What / When** do you watch DVDs?

- a) I usually watch films at my aunt's house.
- b) I like Robert Pattinson.
- c) Because they always buy popcorn.
- d) I watch DVDs at the weekend.
- e) She never buys DVDs.
- f) I love *The Karate Kid*.

## Pronunciation

/e/ /u:/ /aɪ/

### a 09 Read and listen to the words.

- /e/ when best adventure
- /u:/ who blue superstar
- /aɪ/ why like child

### b Listen again and repeat.

### 9 **INTERFACE** Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions in exercise 8.

*What is your favourite film?*

*I love Avatar.*

 **Grammar guide page 118**



## Listening Child stars



### 10 You are going to listen to a radio interview with Mia Straw. Before you listen, look at the pictures and try to predict the answers to these questions.

- 1 What does Mia do?
- 2 Does Mia go to school?
- 3 Is she rich and famous?

### 11 10 Listen to the radio interview and check your answers to exercise 10.

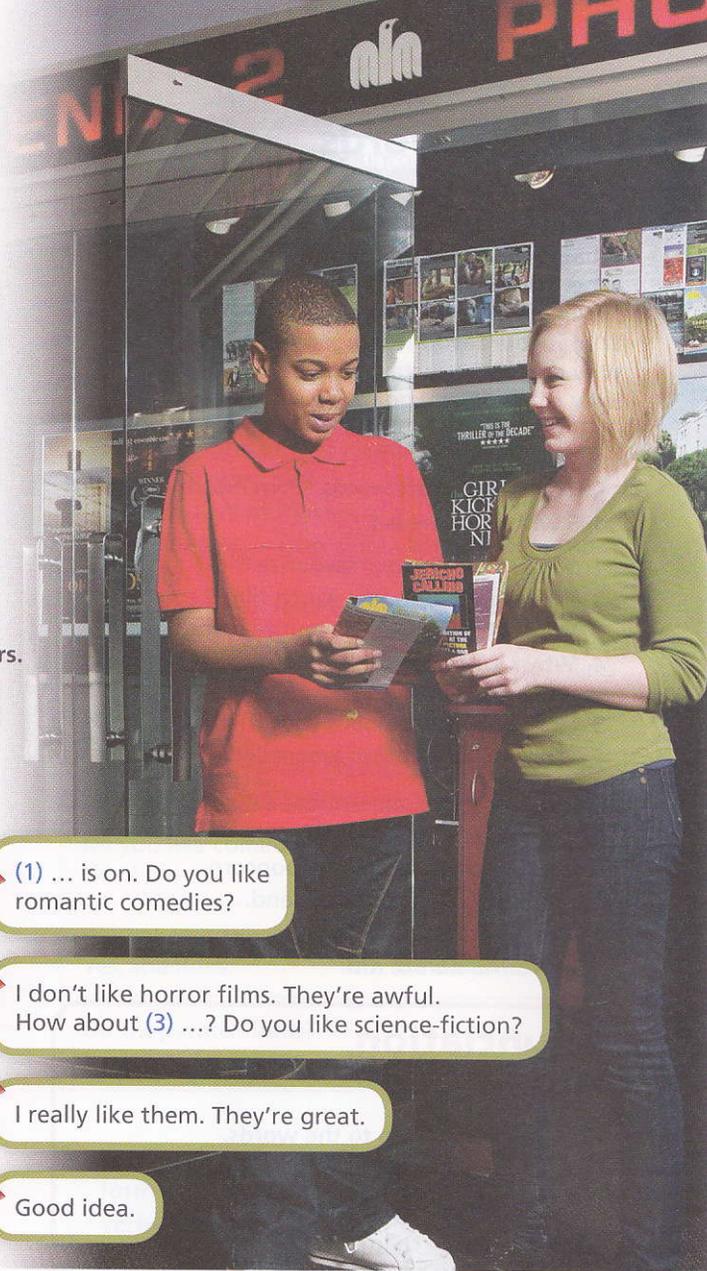
### 12 Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1 Where does Mia live?
- 2 How many hours a day does she work?
- 3 How many hours a day does she study?
- 4 Where does the film company put her money?
- 5 When can Mia spend her money?
- 6 Does Mia have any dreams for the future?

### 13 Would you like to be a child star? Why / Why not?



A lot of child stars become Hollywood superstars. Jessica Alba, Drew Barrymore and Leonardo DiCaprio are some famous examples. Do you know any in your country?



## Listen

1 Look at the picture. Where are Will and Izzie?

2 Look at the names of the films in the box.  
 What types of film do you think they are?

Invincibles Return Summer Love  
 The Monster Returns Year 2222

3 Listen to the dialogue and check your answers.  
 Which film do Will and Izzie decide to see?

4 Listen again and repeat the dialogue, using  
 the information in exercise 2.

What's on?

(1) ... is on. Do you like romantic comedies?

I can't stand romantic comedies. What about (2) ...? It's a horror film.

I don't like horror films. They're awful. How about (3) ...? Do you like science-fiction?

I don't mind science-fiction. What do you think of animated films?

I really like them. They're great.

Let's see *Invincibles Return*!

Good idea.

## Practise

5 Act out the dialogue in exercise 4.

6 Write complete sentences.

I / 😊 / romantic comedies.

*I don't mind romantic comedies.*

1 My friends / 😊😊 / horror films.

2 My dad / 😊😊 / animated films.

3 We / 😊 / going to the cinema.

4 My teacher / 😊 / watching films on TV.

## Functional language

### Talking about likes and dislikes

Do you like romantic comedies?

What do you think of animated films?

I **really like** them. They're great. 😊😊

I **like** western films. 😊

I **don't mind** science-fiction. 😊

I **don't like** horror films. They're awful. 😊

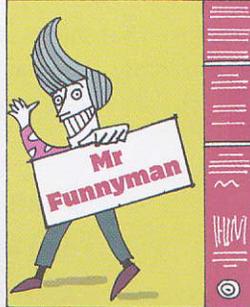
I **can't stand** romantic comedies. 😊😊

## Speaking task

Prepare a dialogue between you and Will.

### Step 1

First, choose a film you want to see.



### Step 2

Think about what Will says.

What's on?

I can't stand ... What about ...?

I don't mind ... What do you think of ...?

Let's see ...!

Think about what you say.

... is on. Do you like ...?

I don't like ... How about ...?

I really like ... They're great.

Good idea.

### Step 3

Write your dialogue.

### Step 4

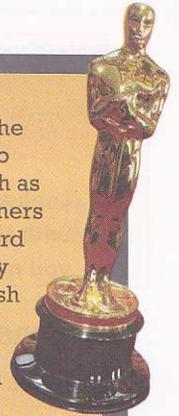
Work in pairs. Take it in turns to practise your dialogue.



## Culture

### Film awards

The Academy Awards, or the Oscars, are the most famous film industry awards in the English-speaking world. They are given to people who work in the film industry, such as actors, directors and writers, and the winners receive a gold statue. Every year this award ceremony is held in late February or early March in Hollywood, in the USA. The British equivalent of the Oscars is the British Academy of Film and Television Arts Awards, or BAFTAs. Winners of the British award win a gold theatrical mask.



In 2009, the British film *Slumdog Millionaire* won eight Oscars including Best Picture and Best Director. It also won seven BAFTAs. *Slumdog Millionaire* is about an 18-year-old finalist on the Indian version of the popular TV quiz show *Who Wants To Be A Millionaire?*.



**7** Read and listen to the information about film awards. Then answer the questions.

- 1 What do the winners of the Oscars receive?
- 2 When are the Oscars?
- 3 Which British film won eight awards, including Best Picture, in 2009?
- 4 What is the British equivalent of the Oscars?

**8** Read the text and fill in the application form.

My name is Paul Smith. I am 13 years old and I am from the UK. I live with my family at Brighton Road, London. Our postcode is NW10 0AA.

My mobile number is 0386428643. I'm studying at King's College School. Today I'm joining the Kino Film Club.

#### Kino Film Club Application Form

Mr / Mrs / Miss (delete as appropriate)

Surname ... School ...

First name ... Age ...

Mobile ... Address ...

cartoon  
chat show  
drama  
game show  
soap opera

## Vocabulary

- 1** Look at the TV guide. Match the TV programmes with the words in the box. Which four words do you not use?

cartoon chat show comedy programme  
documentary drama game show reality show  
soap opera sports programme the news

### Channel One

#### 5.00 The Simpsons

The Simpsons family have another adventure in the town of Springfield.



1

### Channel Two

#### 5.00 Lost

The survivors of the air disaster look for food.



2

### Channel Three

#### 5.00 World Championship Tennis

Action from today's Men's Final at Wimbledon.



3

#### 6.00 The News and Weather at Six

All the day's news and the weather for tomorrow.



4

#### 6.00 Doctors without frontiers

Famous doctors volunteering in Africa.



5

#### 6.00 The Price is Right

Contestants compete to win lots of prizes.



6

- 2** **13** Listen and repeat.
- 3** Use the words in exercise 1 to write sentences about your favourite TV programmes.  
*My favourite cartoon is Tom and Jerry.*
- 4** **INTERFACE** Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about the time when your favourite TV programmes are on.

What's your favourite cartoon?

It's Tom and Jerry.  
What about you?

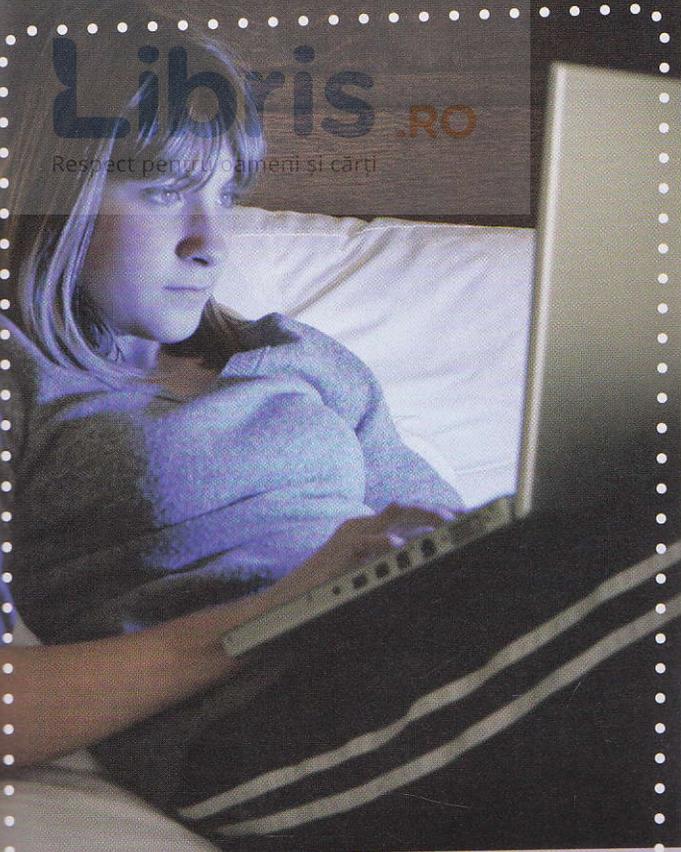
Language  
**Tip**

We use cardinal numbers to express time and schedules.  
The tennis championship is at 5 o'clock on channel 3.  
The train leaves at 7 a.m.



## Reading

- 5** **14** Read and listen. Do young people watch more TV than their parents?
- 6** Read the text again. Are the sentences true or false?
- Parents watch TV for about three hours a day.
  - Many young people watch DVDs every day.
  - Young people have a healthy lifestyle.
  - Over half of teenagers have a computer in their room.
  - Lots of teenagers are tired at school.



**Libris**.ro  
Respect pentru oameni si carti

## Too much TV and not enough sleep?

Do your parents say you watch too much TV? Do they think you always watch cartoons and reality shows? A new report says that young people often watch just one and a half hours of TV a day but their parents usually watch twice as much. This report also says that young people don't watch many DVDs on their TVs. This generation prefers computers, so do young people often watch TV online? No, they don't. They sometimes watch DVDs on their computer but only for about two hours a week.

Does this mean that teenagers go outside and do lots of sport? Unfortunately, no. The computer is now a replacement for the TV and a lot of teenagers spend their time on their computers: they surf the internet, play video games and download music. More than 50 per cent of 11–13 year-olds have got a computer in their room and they don't get enough sleep because of it. Teenagers often sleep for only four hours so they are very tired the next day at school.

Do you agree? Do you usually stay up late in the week? We want to hear from our readers.

nouns  
adjectives  
**verbs**  
pronouns  
adverbs  
tenses

## Grammar Adverbs of frequency

### adverbs of frequency

0%	↓		They <b>never</b> watch documentaries.
100%			We <b>hardly ever</b> use a computer. She <b>sometimes</b> watches TV. He <b>often</b> watches just 10.5 hours a week. You <b>usually</b> watch about 20 hours a week. I am <b>always</b> tired at school.

- 7** Look at the sentences in the table. Choose the correct words to complete the rules.

Frequency adverbs normally go **before** / **after** the main verb, but they go **before** / **after** *be*.

- 8** Rewrite the sentences with the adverbs of frequency in brackets.

A recent report on British young people says ...

- Teenagers use the TV to help with their homework. (*never*)
- They watch a variety of programmes. (*always*)
- Their favourite programmes are soap operas and comedy programmes. (*usually*)
- Boys watch more TV than girls. (*often*)
- Girls turn on the TV after 9.00pm. (*hardly ever*)



Long frequency expressions go at the end of the sentence:  
*I watch a game show once a year.*

- 9** Order the words to make sentences.

- My mum / soap operas / watches / twice a day .
- my homework / do / I / before dinner / always .
- never / plays / My friend / on his computer / DVDs .
- reality shows / watch / hardly ever / I .
- the TV in class / uses / every day / My teacher .

- 10** Rewrite the sentences in exercise 9 so they are true for you.

- 11**  **INTERFACE** Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about the TV programmes in exercise 1.

*How often do you watch documentaries?*



**Grammar guide page 118**